### Global HR Forum 2022



## Learning Experiences from Germany

How to promote social dialogue between economic actors for coexistence and solidarity

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## About DGB – German Confederation of Trade Unions



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### Agenda



- Current economic situation in Germany in times of energy crisis
- Structural challenges within the next decades in the context of green transition
- Examples of different levels of action of unions and social partners
  - Federal level
  - Regional Level
  - Sector level
- Conclusions and outlook



# **Current economic situation in Germany in times of crisis**

### Current economic situation in Germany in (1)

- The economic situation in Germany is heavily influenced by the effects of the Russian attack on Ukraine.
- Economical impact: Dramatic increase in energy prices for households and companies
- Great efforts to secure the energy supply; more coal and nuclear power again in the short term; more renewables, LNG-Gas and efficiency measures in midterm
- shortage of skilled workers, too long planning and approval procedures

### **Current economic situation in Germany in** (2)

- Effects on value creation and production, well-paid jobs are at risk
- So far no strong impact on the labor market
- Economic growth has collapsed (2022: only plus 1,4% instead of 4,1%), inflation has risen massively (+ 8%).
- low and middle incomes are disproportionately affected by inflation
- Danger: Less investment in green and innovative technologies estimated, transformation of the economy is slowing down

### Rich country, high inequalities



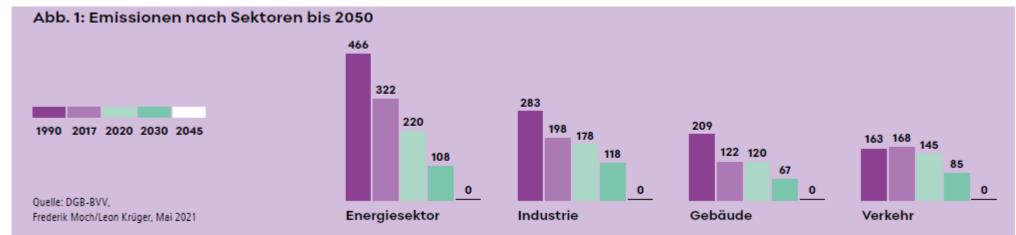
- High wealth and income inequalities remain
  e.g. the richest 10% own 64% of the total wealth, the wealthiest 1% over 30%.
- Corona pandemic exacerbates inequality: households with low income are twice as likely to suffer losses as people with high income.
- Transformation processes must not push these trends any further.
- Social AND ecological dimension belong together



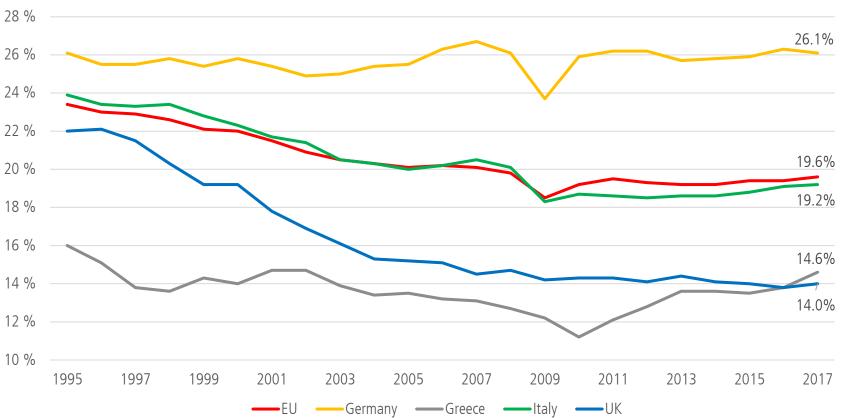
# Structural challenges within the next decades in the context of green transition

### **Germany: Increased Climate Targets**

- **2021**: Climate Protection Act
  - > New long-term climate targets  $\rightarrow$  climate neutrality until 2045
  - Will intensify structural change in **all sectors** of the German economy
  - High level of public and private investments needed; 860 Bn. EUR until 2030



## Importance of industrial sector for welfare in Germany



Share of Industry in GDP

Source: Eurostat 2018

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## Climate Change and its impacts on the world of labour

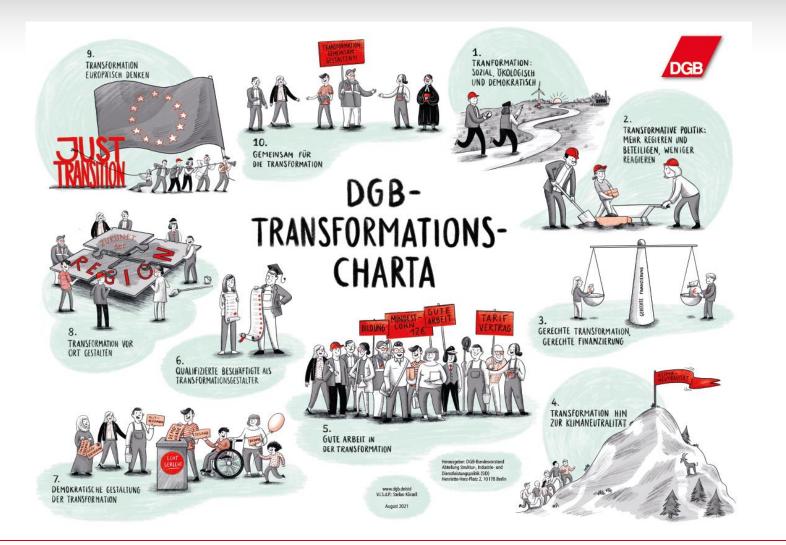


- at work (heat, extreme weather, new demands...)
- on consumers (price development of goods and services, costs of climate policy, ...)
- on structural change (effects of climate policy, job gains and losses, industry changes, ...).

## Serious shifts between economic sectors and regions make active design of transformation necessary

### **DGB Charter of Transition**







# Examples of different levels of action of unions and social partners

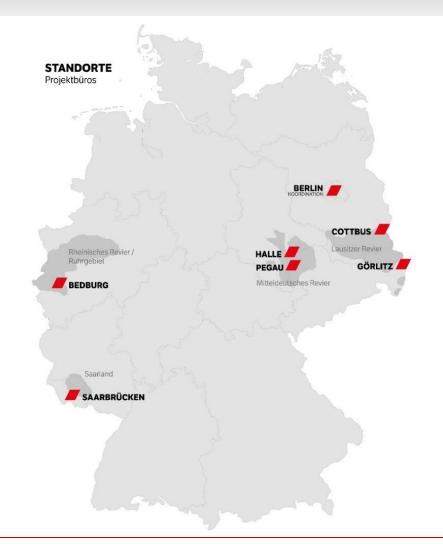
## **1. Coal Consensus in Germany and implementation**



- 2019: Commission "Growth, Structural Change and Employment" with participation of social partners in the whole process
- Coal consensus as a recommendation to the federal government
  - Socially responsible coal phase-out with check-points
  - Protection measures for the workers
  - Public funding for high-quality jobs and new value creation in coal regions
- **2020**: Implementation by parliament
  - Coal Phase-Out Act ⇒ End of coal until 2038 (2035)
  - Structural Enhancement Act ⇒ 40 bn. EUR as structural aid for the coal regions

## 2. DGB-Project "Revierwende" in coal regions

- Workers Participation through co-determination and broader participatory processes
- Cross-sectoral participation is also important to ensure a regional development focusing on decent jobs and new value creation
- With the support of the Federal Ministry of Economics, the DGB has initiated the project "Revierwende" which began operations in October 2021
  - Aim: Strengthening employee participation in the structural development of the coalfields
  - Inclusive approach with outreach beyond trade unions and work councils & beyond core energy



### **3. Alliance for Transformation**



- Based on the coalition agreement, an alliance for transformation was initiated by the chancellor.
- In this alliance, social partners as well as environmental and social organizations work together with the federal government to discuss the strategic issues of shaping the transformation.
- Topics: industrial transition, technological developments and strategic autonomy, securing skilled workers, regional structural change
- The goal is a joint view of the upcoming challenges.





### 4. Transformation Council(s) on regional level



- Regional stakeholders (politicians, social partners, scientists...) analyze affected regions/ companies and develop a strategy for a Just Transition
- Council elaborates specific policy measures to takle local challenges, such as:
  - Public funding for research, pilot projects renewable energies
  - Vocational education and further education programs

GEMEINSAM MACHEN WIR RHEINLAND-PFALZ ZUM GEWINNER DER TRANSFORMATION

Erstes Maßnahmenpaket des Rats zur Gestaltung und Begleitung des Strukturwandels (Transformationsrat)



## **5. Future-oriented Collective Agreements**



- Job-Security: Long-term exclusion of dismissals
- Investments: Invest in a sustainable transformation
- Qualification: Further training for the employees to adapt to the changing work processes

Influence employers to invest in a sustainable future while jobs are secured





### **Conclusions and outlook**



- Shaping a just transition is a major challenge, especially in times of energy crisis
- Studies show that co-determined companies in Germany operate more sustainably and are more innovative.
- A reliable social partnership is a big asset to find resilient solutions in a world of work which is dramatically changing.
- Co-Determination, collective bargaining and a strong social welfare state are succes factors for decent work, sustainable and just growth and social and democratic stability.



## **Thank You For Your Attention!**

German Confederation of Trade Unions - Executive Board

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